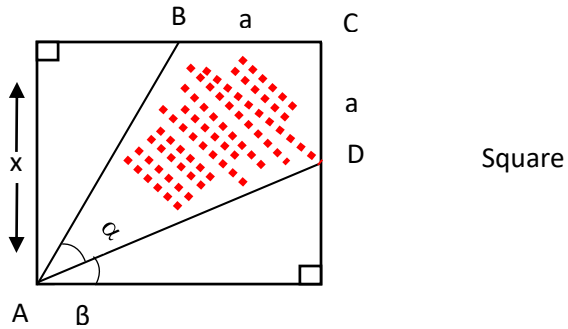


Trigo Area 3



Given : $\frac{S_{ABCD}}{x^2} = \frac{1}{2}$

Prove , $t_g \alpha = \frac{3}{4}$

$$S_{ABCD} = \frac{ax}{2} + \frac{ax}{2} = ax$$

$$S_{SQUARE} = x^2$$

We know that $ax = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \quad \therefore x$

$$a = \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$t_g \beta = \frac{\frac{1}{2}x}{x} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$90^\circ - \alpha = 2\beta$$

$$t_g (90^\circ - \alpha) = t_g 2\beta$$

$$t_g 2\beta = \frac{2 \cdot \frac{1}{2}}{1 - \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$ct_g \alpha = t_g 2\beta = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{t_g \alpha} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$t_g \alpha = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\sphericalangle D = \sphericalangle B$$

$$\sphericalangle D + \sphericalangle B + \alpha + 90^\circ = 360^\circ$$

$$\sphericalangle B = \frac{270^\circ - \alpha}{2}$$